



# **NEW ZEALAND**

## Government Inflation-Indexed Bonds

### **Product Disclosure Statement**

*For an offer of:*

*New Zealand Government Inflation-Indexed Bonds*

*Issued by:*

*Her Majesty the Queen in right of New Zealand*

**Dated:** 3 March 2021

This document replaces the Product Disclosure Statement dated 8 December 2020.

This document gives you important information about this investment to help you decide whether you want to invest. There is other useful information about this offer on <https://disclose-register.companiesoffice.govt.nz/>. The Crown has prepared this document in accordance with the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013. You can also seek advice from a financial adviser to help you to make an investment decision.



# 1 Key information summary

## What is this?

This is an offer of New Zealand Government Inflation-Indexed Bonds (the “Bonds”). The Bonds are New Zealand Dollar, fixed-term, debt securities whose principal is adjusted in line with movements in the Consumer Price Index (“CPI”). The Bonds are issued by Her Majesty the Queen in right of New Zealand (the “Crown”). You give the Crown money, or you purchase the Bonds in the secondary market, and in return the Crown promises to pay you Interest and pay you the Capital Value of the Bonds at the end of the term. If the Crown runs into financial trouble, you might lose some or all of the money you invested.

## About the Crown

The Crown is the Head of State of New Zealand.

The Crown’s financial statements are prepared and published in accordance with Part 3 of the Public Finance Act 1989. The Crown’s financial statements are available on the Treasury website at:

<https://treasury.govt.nz/publications/financial-statements-government>

## Purpose of this offer

The Crown issues the Bonds to raise money for the general financing purposes of the Crown.

You should also read section 3 of this document (*Purpose of the offer*).

## Key terms of the offer

Issuer	Her Majesty the Queen in right of New Zealand (the “Crown”).
Description of the debt securities	The Bonds are New Zealand Dollar, fixed-term, debt securities whose principal is adjusted in line with movements in the CPI.
Initial offer of Bonds to Wholesale Investors only	The initial offer of the Bonds by the Crown will be made to Wholesale Investors only. Retail Investors can only purchase the Bonds in the secondary market. See section 9 of this document ( <i>How to apply</i> ) for further details on how to apply for the Bonds in the secondary market.

	Regulation 72A of the Financial Markets Conduct Regulations applies to this offer. This means that, except in very limited circumstances, before selling any Bonds to a Retail Investor in the secondary market a Wholesale Investor must provide the Retail Investor with a copy of the most recent Product Disclosure Statement for the Bonds. See section 4 of this document ( <i>Key features of Bonds</i> ) under the sub-heading “Selling restrictions” for further details.
Opening Date	This offer opened on 18 November 2016 and is a continuous offer.
Term	The Bonds are available with a range of different Maturity Dates. Current Maturity Dates are set out in the relevant issue terms for each Bond which are available on <a href="https://disclose-register.companiesoffice.govt.nz/">https://disclose-register.companiesoffice.govt.nz/</a>
Capital Value	The Capital Value of the Bonds is the Face Value of the Bonds adjusted for cumulative movements in the CPI. On the Maturity Date the Capital Value of the Bonds will be paid to the Bondholder.
Interest Rate	The Bonds will bear Interest at a fixed rate for the whole term of the Bonds. Interest is calculated on the Capital Value of the Bonds. The Interest Rate for the Bonds is different for each of the Maturity Dates. The Interest Rate for each Maturity Date is set out in the relevant issue terms for each Bond which are available on <a href="https://disclose-register.companiesoffice.govt.nz/">https://disclose-register.companiesoffice.govt.nz/</a> The Interest Rate may be described in the relevant issue terms as the “coupon”.
Yield	The Bonds are traded in the secondary market on a yield to maturity basis. This means the overall rate of return on the Bonds depends on the Interest Rate for the Bonds, the price paid for the Bonds and movements in the CPI. The issue price of the Bonds is calculated in accordance with the Information Memorandum and may be equal to, above or below their Principal amount. If purchasing Bonds in the secondary market the price which you pay the Counterparty for the Bonds may be equal to, above or below their Principal amount.

Interest calculation and payment	Interest is calculated on the Capital Value of your Bonds at the annual Interest Rate. Interest is payable quarterly in arrears. This means that on each Interest Payment Date up to and including the Maturity Date you will be paid an amount equal to the Capital Value of the Bonds on that Interest Payment Date multiplied by one quarter of the annual Interest Rate.
Further information about the Bonds	You should read the Information Memorandum which contains further information about the Bonds.
Further payments, fees or charges	You are not required to pay any fees, duty, charges, deductions or levies (except to the extent required by law) to the Crown or the Registrar for the registration, transfer, or any other aspect relating to the Bonds or for the payment of Interest or the Capital Value of the Bonds.

### How you can get your money out early

The only circumstances where the Bonds are redeemable prior to the Maturity Date are where Statistics New Zealand ceases to publish the CPI without publishing a replacement index or where there has been a change to the way in which the index is produced which, in the Minister of Finance's opinion, is materially detrimental to the interests of Bondholders.

See section 4 of this document (*Key features of Bonds*) under the sub-heading "Capital Value and the CPI" for further details.

The Crown does not intend to quote these Bonds on a market licensed in New Zealand but they will be able to be traded with Registered Banks and other financial institutions on the established 'over-the-counter' (OTC) market for the Bonds. This means that you may be able to sell the Bonds to Registered Banks and other financial institutions before the end of their term. If you sell your Bonds, the price you get will vary depending on factors such as the financial condition of the Crown, movements in the CPI and movements in the market interest rates.

You may receive less than the full amount that you paid for them.

There may not be an active trading market in the Bonds. See "Secondary market risk" in section 5 of this document (*Risks of investing*) for further details.

### No security

The Bonds are not secured against any identifiable assets of the Crown. However, section 55 of the Public Finance Act 1989 provides that all money payable in relation to money borrowed by the Crown, including all money payable to Bondholders is secured by a charge upon and payable out of the revenues of the Crown.

### Key risks affecting this investment

Investments in debt securities have risks. A key risk is that the Crown does not meet its commitments to pay you the Capital Value of the Bonds or pay you Interest (credit risk). Section 5 of this document (*Risks of investing*) discusses this risk. You should also read section 4 of this document (*Key features of Bonds*).

### What is the Crown's credit rating?

A credit rating is an independent opinion of the capability and willingness of an entity to repay its debts (in other words, its creditworthiness). It is not a guarantee that the financial product being offered is a safe investment. A credit rating should be considered alongside all other relevant information when making an investment decision.

The Crown has been rated by S&P Global Ratings, Moody's Investors Service and Fitch Ratings. S&P Global Ratings and Fitch Ratings give ratings from AAA through to D, and Moody's Investors Service gives ratings from Aaa through to C.

As at the date of this Product Disclosure Statement, the Crown's long-term local currency credit ratings are AAA (stable outlook) by S&P Global Ratings, Aaa (stable outlook) by Moody's Investors Service and AA+ (stable outlook) by Fitch Ratings.

Summary description of the long-term credit ratings* from <b>S&amp;P Global Ratings</b> .	Capacity to meet its financial commitments				Vulnerability to non-payment				
	Extremely Strong	Very Strong	Strong	Adequate	Less Vulnerable	More Vulnerable	Currently Vulnerable		In Default
Range of long-term credit ratings for <b>S&amp;P Global Ratings</b> **	<b>AAA</b> Credit rating for the Crown is AAA (stable)	AA	A	BBB	BB	B	CCC	CC to C	SD & D
Range of long-term credit ratings for <b>Moody's Investors Service</b> **	<b>Aaa</b> Credit rating for the Crown is Aaa (stable)	Aa	A	Baa	Ba	B	Caa	Ca to C***	-
Range of long-term credit ratings for <b>Fitch Ratings</b> **	AAA	<b>AA</b> Credit rating for the Crown is AA+ (stable)	A	BBB	BB	B	CCC	CC to C	RD & D
Approx. probability of default over 5 years****	1 in 600	1 in 300	1 in 150	1 in 30	1 in 10	1 in 5	1 in 2		-

Note:

\* The credit ratings highlighted in the table are the Crown's long-term local currency credit ratings.

\*\* S&P Global Ratings' and Fitch Ratings' ratings from 'AA' to 'CCC' may be modified by the addition of a plus (+) or minus (-) sign to show relative standing within the major rating categories.

Moody's Investors Service applies numerical modifiers 1, 2, and 3 to each generic rating classification from Aa through Caa. The modifier 1 indicates that the obligation ranks in the higher end of its generic rating category; the modifier 2 indicates a mid-range ranking; and the modifier 3 indicates a ranking in the lower end of that generic rating category.

\*\*\* If a rating of "C" is given by Moody's Investors Service, the issuer is typically in default.

\*\*\*\* The approximate, median likelihood that an investor will not receive repayment on a five-year investment on time and in full based upon historical default rates published by S&P Global Ratings, Moody's Investors Service and Fitch Ratings (source: Reserve Bank of New Zealand publication "Explaining Credit Ratings", dated November 2008).

The offer has not been rated. However, one or more of the independent credit rating agencies above may assign credit ratings to Bonds with certain Maturity Dates offered under this Product Disclosure Statement from

time to time. The Crown expects that any credit rating assigned to any Bonds by such credit rating agencies will be the same as the Crown's long-term local currency rating described above.

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## 2 Terms of the offer

Issuer	Her Majesty the Queen in right of New Zealand (“the Crown”).
Description of the debt securities	The Bonds are New Zealand Dollar, fixed-term, debt securities whose principal is adjusted in line with movements in the CPI.
Initial offer of Bonds to Wholesale Investors only	<p>The initial offer of the Bonds by the Crown will be made to Wholesale Investors only. Retail Investors can only purchase the Bonds in the secondary market. See section 9 of this document (<i>How to apply</i>) for further details on how to apply for the Bonds in the secondary market.</p> <p>Regulation 72A of the Financial Markets Conduct Regulations applies to this offer. This means that, except in very limited circumstances, before selling any Bonds to a Retail Investor in the secondary market a Wholesale Investor must provide the Retail Investor with a copy of the most recent Product Disclosure Statement for the Bonds. See section 4 of this document (<i>Key features of Bonds</i>) under the sub-heading “Selling restrictions” for further details.</p>
Opening Date	This offer opened on 18 November 2016 and is a continuous offer.
Term	The Bonds are available with a range of different Maturity Dates. Current Maturity Dates are set out in the relevant issue terms for each Bond which are available on <a href="https://disclose-register.companiesoffice.govt.nz/">https://disclose-register.companiesoffice.govt.nz/</a>
Capital Value	<p>The Capital Value of the Bonds is the Face Value of the Bonds adjusted for cumulative movements in the CPI.</p> <p>On the Maturity Date the Capital Value of the Bonds will be paid to the Bondholder.</p>
Interest Rate	<p>The Bonds will bear Interest at a fixed rate for the whole term of the Bonds. Interest is calculated on the Capital Value of the Bonds. The Interest Rate for the Bonds is different for each of the Maturity Dates. The Interest Rate for each Maturity Date is set out in the relevant issue terms for each Bond which are available on <a href="https://disclose-register.companiesoffice.govt.nz/">https://disclose-register.companiesoffice.govt.nz/</a></p> <p>The Interest Rate may be described in the relevant issue terms as the “coupon”.</p>

Yield	<p>The Bonds are issued and traded in the secondary market on a yield to maturity basis. This means the overall rate of return on the Bonds depends on the Interest Rate for the Bonds, the price paid for the Bonds and movements in the CPI.</p> <p>The issue price of the Bonds is calculated in accordance with the Information Memorandum and may be equal to, above or below the Capital Value of the Bonds.</p> <p>If purchasing Bonds in the secondary market, the price which you pay the Counterparty for the Bonds may be equal to, above or below their Capital Value.</p>
Interest calculation and payment	<p>Interest is calculated on the Capital Value of your Bonds at the annual Interest Rate. Interest is payable quarterly in arrears.</p> <p>This means that on each Interest Payment Date up to and including the Maturity Date you will be paid an amount equal to the Capital Value of the Bonds on that Interest Payment Date multiplied by one quarter of the annual Interest Rate.</p>
Further information about the Bonds	<p>You should read the Information Memorandum and the relevant issue terms for the Bonds which contain further information about the Bonds, including the terms of the Bonds.</p> <p>A copy of the Information Memorandum and relevant issue terms may be obtained from the offer register at <a href="https://disclose-register.companiesoffice.govt.nz/">https://disclose-register.companiesoffice.govt.nz/</a>. See section 8 of this document (<i>Where you can find more information</i>) for further information on where these may be obtained.</p>

Redemption	<p>The outstanding Capital Value of each Bond and any accrued Interest will, subject to any deductions on account of Tax, be payable at maturity.</p> <p>The only circumstances where the Bonds are redeemable prior to the Maturity Date are where Statistics New Zealand ceases to publish the CPI without publishing a replacement index or, if a change is made to the way in which the index is produced which, in the Minister of Finance's opinion, is materially detrimental to Bondholders. See section 4 of this document (<i>Key features of Bonds</i>) under the sub-heading "Capital Value and the CPI" for further details.</p>
Minimum initial application amount (Wholesale Investors only)	\$1,000,000 (Face Value) and multiples of \$1,000,000 (Face Value) thereafter.
Minimum purchase amount (when purchasing in the secondary market)	\$1,000 (Face Value) and multiples of \$1,000 (Face Value) thereafter.

Transfer restrictions	Transfers must be in multiples of \$1,000 (Face Value) and (unless the transfer of Bonds results in a nil holding by the transferor) no transfer can be made where the result would be that the Face Value amount of the Bonds Registered in the name of the transferor or the transferee would be less than \$1,000.
Further payments, fees or charges	You are not required to pay any fees, duty, charges, deductions or levies (except to the extent required by law) to the Crown or the Registrar for the registration, transfer, or any other aspect relating to the Bonds or for the payment of Interest or the Capital Value of the Bonds.
Other possible fees or charges	<p>Taxes may be deducted from Interest payments on the Bonds and from the payment of the Capital Value on maturity. See section 6 of this document (<i>Tax</i>) for further details.</p> <p>If you buy Bonds in the secondary market, you may have to pay transaction (or other) fees or charges to the Counterparty. You should ask the Counterparty for details of any such fees and charges, including how those fees or charges will be calculated and how they can be altered.</p>
Registrar, Paying Agent and Calculation Agent	Computershare Investor Services Limited.

### 3 Purpose of the offer

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The purpose of this offer is to raise money for the general financing purposes of the Crown.

## 4 Key features of Bonds

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The return on your Bonds will be made up of (a) Interest payments, and (b) the payment of the Capital Value of your Bonds (as described below).

### Interest

Interest payments will be paid to the Bondholder Registered on the Record Date immediately before the relevant Interest Payment Date.

The Interest payment will be credited to the New Zealand bank account that the Bondholder nominates. If the Bonds are held through NZClear, Interest payments will be credited to the relevant member's NZClear cash account (or a linked nominated account in accordance with NZClear's system rules).

If a bank account has not been provided, the Interest payment will be withheld until account details have been provided. No Interest will be paid on any amounts withheld.

If the Interest Payment Date is not a Banking Day, payment will be made on the next Banking Day (no additional Interest will be paid).

Further information about how Interest is calculated and paid is available in the Information Memorandum.

### Capital Value and the CPI

#### Calculation of Capital Value

The Capital Value of the Bonds is the Face Value of the Bonds adjusted for movements in the CPI. This is calculated using a set formula which reflects changes to the CPI over successive periods.

You can find out further details about the formula used for calculating the Capital Value of your Bonds in the Information Memorandum.

#### CPI

The index that is used for the purpose of calculating the Capital Value of the Bonds is the All Groups Consumer Price Index as measured and published quarterly by Statistics New Zealand.

If Statistics New Zealand ceases to publish the CPI and publishes another index which is a replacement of the CPI, that replacement index will be used for the purposes of the Bonds.

#### Adjustments to Interest and Capital Value

If the CPI is not published for a particular quarter, or if publication is delayed until after the date when an Interest payment is determined, the CPI published for the previous quarter will apply in the interim. If the actual CPI figure for that quarter is published later, the Capital Value and the Interest payment will be adjusted at the next Interest Payment Date following the publication of the actual CPI figure.

In addition, if there is a subsequent revision to the CPI figure used to calculate the Capital Value or the amount of Interest paid, then an adjustment will be made at the next Interest Payment Date following the publication of the revised CPI figure.

The Crown will, in each case, recalculate the amount of Interest payable.

If the actual or revised CPI figure results in a reduction in the amount of Interest that should have been paid on an Interest Payment Date, the Crown will recover the difference between the amount that was paid and the amount that should have been paid from Bondholders by deducting the difference from the payment of Interest on the first Interest Payment Date following the publication of the actual or revised CPI figure.

The reduction in Interest will apply to the Bondholder registered on the Record Date for the Interest Payment Date on which the reduced Interest payment is made. If Bondholders purchase Bonds between the date of the original Interest payment and the Record Date for the Interest Payment Date on which a reduction in the Interest payment occurs, they will have Interest deducted despite not receiving the original Interest payment.

If the actual or revised CPI figure results in an increase in the amount of Interest that should have been paid on an Interest Payment Date, the Crown will pay the difference between the amount that was paid and the amount that should have been paid to Bondholders on the first Interest Payment Date following the publication of the actual or revised CPI figure.

The increase in Interest will apply to the Bondholder registered on the Record Date for the Interest Payment Date on which the increased Interest payment is made. If Bondholders sell their Bonds between the date of the original Interest payment and the Record Date for the Interest Payment Date on which an increased Interest payment is made, they will not receive the additional Interest that they would have otherwise received.

Further information about changes to the CPI, including changes to the reference base of the CPI and revisions to the CPI figures that are used to calculate Interest is available in the Information Memorandum.

### **Impact of CPI movements**

Movements in the CPI could have an effect on the value of your Bonds.

The Capital Value of your Bonds takes account of both increases and decreases in the CPI. The Capital Value of your Bonds will decrease if the CPI falls over the relevant period. This could result in the Capital Value of your Bonds reducing below the amount that you paid for your Bonds.

In addition, the amount of Interest that you received on the Bonds would have reduced as the Interest is calculated on the Capital Value.

Further information about the formula that is used to calculate the Capital Value of Bonds is available in the Information Memorandum.

### **Early redemption**

If Statistics New Zealand ceases to publish the CPI without publishing a replacement index, or if a change is made to the way in which the index is produced which, in the opinion of the Minister of Finance, constitutes a change materially detrimental to the interests of Bondholders, the Crown will inform you and offer you the right to redeem your Bonds at market-related prices as determined by the Crown.

If you exercise your right to redeem your Bonds, you will be repaid on a date specified by the Crown, which must be no later than six months from the date of publication of the last CPI prior to such a change. The Registrar will send you a notice setting out administrative arrangements for redemption and payment.

If you choose not to redeem your Bonds, quarterly adjustments to the Capital Value and Interest payments applying to your Bonds will be calculated according to an index which will be announced by the Minister of Finance and which will be deemed to be a replacement for the CPI.

### **Payment of Capital Value**

The Capital Value amount of the Bonds, subject to any deductions on account of Tax, will be paid to the Bondholder Registered on the Record Date immediately prior to the Maturity Date.

The Capital Value payment will be made on the Maturity Date and will be credited to the New Zealand bank account that the Bondholder nominates.

If a bank account has not been provided, the Capital Value payment will be withheld until account details have been provided. No Interest will be paid on any amounts withheld.

If the Bonds are held through NZClear, the Capital Value payment will be made to NZClear. NZClear will credit the NZClear cash accounts (or linked nominated accounts in accordance with NZClear's system rules) of the members who, at the close of business on the Banking Day prior to the Maturity Date, are holders of the Bonds.

If the Maturity Date is not a Banking Day payment will be made on the next Banking Day (without payment of any additional Interest).

Further information about how the Capital Value of the Bonds is paid is available in the Information Memorandum.

### **Transfers**

Bondholders may sell or transfer any or all of their Bonds to any person, at any time before the Record Date immediately prior to the Maturity Date by completing a transfer request form. Transfer request forms are available from the Registrar at <https://www-au.computershare.com/Investor/help/PrintableForms>. If you fail to provide the required information on any transfer form, the Registrar may request further information from you resulting in a delay in processing the transfer.

Sale/transfer charges may apply – see "Other possible fees or charges" in section 2 of this document (Terms of the offer) above.

NZClear members may sell or transfer Bonds to other NZClear members between the Record Date and the close of business on the Banking Day prior to the Maturity Date.

### **Selling restrictions**

The Bonds may only be sold in conformity with all applicable laws and regulations in any jurisdiction in which they are offered, sold or delivered. No product disclosure statement, information memorandum, advertisement or other offer material in respect of the Bonds may be published, delivered or distributed in or from any country or jurisdiction except under circumstances which will result in compliance with all applicable laws.

Regulation 72A of the Financial Markets Conduct Regulations applies to the initial offer of the Bonds by the Crown under this Product Disclosure Statement. This means that an offer of the Bonds for sale by a Wholesale Investor to a Retail Investor in New Zealand does not need to comply with certain disclosure requirements in the Financial Markets Conduct Act and the Financial Markets Conduct Regulations, provided that, except in very limited circumstances, the Wholesale Investor provides a copy of the most recent Product Disclosure Statement for the Bonds that is available on the offer register at <https://disclose-register.companiesoffice.govt.nz/> to the Retail Investor before selling the Bonds to the Retail Investor.

More information on Regulation 72A is available in the Information Memorandum. A copy of the Information Memorandum is also available on the offer register at <https://disclose-register.companiesoffice.govt.nz/>

The Crown has not taken and will not take any action which would permit a public offering of the Bonds, or possession or distribution of any offering material in respect of the Bonds in any country or jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required (other than New Zealand).

## 5 Risks of investing

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### General Risks

Your investment in the Bonds is subject to the following general risks:

#### Credit risk

If the Crown defaults on, or is otherwise unable to comply with, its payment obligations under the Bonds you may not recover the money you pay for the Bonds or receive the expected returns.

#### Consequences of Crown defaulting

Although the Crown could, in theory, default on its obligations under the Bonds it cannot be put into liquidation or wound up. Accordingly, the provisions of New Zealand law that give priority to certain creditors over others in the liquidation or winding up of a debtor do not apply to the Crown. Claims of all creditors of the Crown would be brought under, and governed by, the Crown Proceedings Act 1950. You would not be liable to pay any money to any person as a result of the Crown's insolvency solely because you are a Bondholder.

### Secondary market risk

If you want to sell your Bonds prior to their maturity you will have to sell them on the secondary market. The Crown believes that there is an established over-the-counter market for the Bonds. This means that there are Registered Banks and other financial institutions in New Zealand who will buy Bonds from Bondholders prior to the Maturity Date of the Bonds. However, there may be no active trading market and the market for the Bonds may not be very liquid.

As a consequence, you may not be able to sell your Bonds easily or at prices that will provide you with a return comparable to similar investments that have a more developed market, and you may receive less on a sale of your Bonds than the amount you paid for them.

The price at which you may be able to sell Bonds may also be affected by other factors such as movements in the CPI and movements in market interest rates, the market for similar securities and general economic conditions.

## 6 Tax

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If you are a New Zealand Resident or otherwise receive payments of Interest on the Bonds that are subject to the resident withholding tax rules, resident withholding tax, in respect of both coupon Interest and any increase in the Capital Value of the Bonds, will be deducted from the Interest that is payable under the Bonds at the applicable rate, unless you have 'RWT-exempt status' (as defined in section YA1 of the Income Tax Act 2007), have provided your IRD number to the Registrar to verify that status on the electronic register maintained by the Commissioner of

Inland Revenue and that status remains valid at the time the relevant payment is made.

If the Registrar is satisfied that you are not a New Zealand Resident and the Interest you receive is subject to the non-resident withholding tax rules, the Crown will pay Approved Issuer Levy in respect of both coupon Interest and any increase in the Capital Value of the Bonds on its own account in lieu of deducting non-resident withholding tax (except where you elect otherwise or it is not possible under any law, in which case non-resident withholding tax

will be deducted from the coupon Interest that is payable under the Bonds in respect of both the coupon Interest and from any increases in the Capital Value of the Bonds).

There may be other tax consequences from acquiring or disposing of the Bonds.

If you have any queries relating to the tax consequences of an investment in the Bonds, you should obtain professional advice on those consequences.

Further information relating to the New Zealand tax implications of the Bonds, including the obligation to file a tax return with the Inland Revenue Department in circumstances where the Interest payment to you is less than the resident withholding tax that would otherwise be deducted from the Interest payment, is available in the Information Memorandum. A copy of the Information Memorandum is also available on the offer register at <https://disclose-register.companiesoffice.govt.nz/>

## 7 How to complain

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For complaints in relation to the Bonds, you may contact the Crown, at:

**Address:** New Zealand Debt Management  
Capital Markets  
The Treasury  
1 The Terrace  
Wellington 6011

**or**

PO Box 3724  
Wellington 6140

**Telephone:** +64 4 472 2733

**Email:** [debtmanagement@treasury.govt.nz](mailto:debtmanagement@treasury.govt.nz)

If you have any queries about the administration of the Bonds (including in relation to payments in respect of the Bonds) you should contact the Registrar in first instance at the contact details below:

**Address:** Computershare Investor Services Limited  
Level 2  
159 Hurstmere Road  
Takapuna  
Auckland 0622

**or**

Private Bag 92119  
Auckland 1142

**Email:** [nzdm@computershare.co.nz](mailto:nzdm@computershare.co.nz)

**Freephone:** 0800 655 494

**Telephone:** +64 9 488 8777

Please assist the Registrar by quoting your common shareholder number (CSN).

The Crown is not a member of an approved dispute resolution scheme under the Financial Service Providers (Registration and Dispute Resolution) Act 2008, meaning that complaints about the Bonds cannot be made to such a scheme.

Complaints may also be directed to the Financial Markets Authority through its website at <https://www.fma.govt.nz/>

If the Counterparty is a financial service provider that is a member of an approved dispute resolution scheme, you may be able to make a complaint about the Bonds by contacting the dispute resolution scheme of the Counterparty. You should ask the Counterparty for the address and business telephone number of the relevant dispute resolution scheme. The relevant dispute resolution scheme will not charge you a fee to investigate to solve a complaint.

If the Counterparty is a participant of the Insurance and Financial Services Ombudsman (“IFSO”) Scheme, you can contact the IFSO at:

**Address:** Level 2  
Solnet House  
70 The Terrace  
Wellington 6143

**or**

PO Box 10 845  
Wellington 6143

**Freephone:** 0800 888 202

You can search to see whether a Counterparty is a participant of the IFSO Scheme at <https://www.ifso.nz/complaints>.

If the Counterparty is a Registered Bank, you can contact the Banking Ombudsman at:

**Address:** Level 5  
Huddart Parker Building  
1 Post Office Square  
Wellington 6011

**or**

Freepost 218002  
PO Box 25 327  
Featherston Street  
Wellington 6146

**Freephone:** 0800 805 950

## 8 Where you can find more information

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Further information relating to the Crown and the Bonds is available on the offer register at <https://disclose-register.companiesoffice.govt.nz/>. A copy of information on the offer register is available on request to the Registrar of Financial Service Providers.

The terms of the Bonds are set out in the Information Memorandum and the relevant issue terms for those Bonds, both of which are available on the offer register at <https://disclose-register.companiesoffice.govt.nz/>. You can also get a free copy of the Information Memorandum and the relevant issue terms from the NZDM website <https://debtmanagement.treasury.govt.nz/government-securities/inflation-indexed-bonds> or on request from [debtmanagement@treasury.govt.nz](mailto:debtmanagement@treasury.govt.nz) or [nzdm@computershare.co.nz](mailto:nzdm@computershare.co.nz)

Further information about the Crown is detailed in the Crown's financial statements which contain key financial information relating to the Crown. A copy of the Crown's financial statements and additional information can be obtained free of charge from the Treasury website <https://treasury.govt.nz/publications/financial-statements-government>

You can also request, free of charge, a holding statement from the Registrar which confirms the details of your investment. To do so contact the Registrar at the address or on the telephone number set out in section 10 of this document (*Contact information*) below.

## 9 How to apply

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Primary issuance of the Bonds is done solely to Wholesale Investors by way of tender, syndication or private placement. If you are purchasing Bonds in the secondary market, you can purchase Bonds from the Counterparty by completing a transfer request form (as required by the Registrar), which can be found at <https://www-au.computershare.com/Investor/help/PrintableForms>

When purchasing Bonds in the secondary market, the minimum Face Value amount of Bonds you are required to buy is \$1,000 (Face Value) – any additional Bonds must be purchased in multiples of \$1,000 (Face Value). The price you pay for the Bonds will be calculated based on the market value of such securities, and the Counterparty will agree the purchase price with you at the time of sale.

### Privacy

The Registrar, as agent for the Crown and NZDM, collects and holds personal information about you for the purposes of administering this investment. This information may be disclosed to the Crown and NZDM. You may request access to any personal information held about you by contacting the Registrar at the contact details set out in section 10 of this document (*Contact information*) below. You may also request correction of any personal information held about you. Depending on the nature of your request, the Registrar may impose a charge for providing access to, or correcting, any personal information.

## 10 Contact information

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<b>Issuer:</b>	Her Majesty the Queen in right of New Zealand C/o New Zealand Debt Management Capital Markets The Treasury 1 The Terrace Wellington 6011 <b>or</b> PO Box 3724 Wellington 6140	<b>Registrar:</b>	Computershare Investor Services Limited Level 2 159 Hurstmere Road Takapuna Auckland 0622 <b>or</b> Private Bag 92119 Auckland 1142
<b>Telephone:</b>	+64 4 472 2733	<b>Email:</b>	nzdm@computershare.co.nz
<b>Email:</b>	debtmanagement@treasury.govt.nz	<b>Freephone:</b>	0800 655 494
		<b>Telephone:</b>	+64 9 488 8777

## 11 Glossary

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For the purposes of this Product Disclosure Statement, the following definitions apply:

Approved Issuer Levy	Has the meaning given to that term in Part 6B of the Stamp and Cheque Duties Act 1971.
Banking Day	Means a day not being a Saturday or Sunday on which Registered Banks are open for general banking business in Wellington, New Zealand (and, for the purposes of determining the Record Date only, Auckland, New Zealand).
Bondholder or you	Means, in respect of any Bond, the person whose name from time to time is entered in the Register as the holder of that Bond.
Bonds	Means the New Zealand Government Inflation-Indexed Bonds issued by the Crown pursuant to the Information Memorandum.
Capital Value	Means the Face Value of a Bond adjusted for cumulative changes in the CPI in accordance with the Information Memorandum.
Counterparty	Means the party offering to sell you Bonds or buy Bonds from you.
CPI	Means the All Groups Consumer Price Index as measured and published quarterly by Statistics New Zealand, or any replacement index published by Statistics New Zealand from time to time.
Crown	Means Her Majesty the Queen in right of New Zealand.
Dollars and \$	Means the lawful currency of New Zealand.
Face Value	Means the principal or par value amount of a Bond, unadjusted for changes in the CPI.
Financial Markets Conduct Act	Means the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013.
Financial Markets Conduct Regulations	Means the Financial Markets Conduct Regulations 2014.
Information Memorandum	Means the current Information Memorandum in relation to the Bonds.

Interest	Means the amount paid or due to be paid on a Bond on the Interest Payment Date.
Interest Payment Dates	Means the date or dates in each year on which Interest is to be paid on the Bonds, as specified by the Crown when a Bond is first issued and as described in the relevant issue terms for a Bond, and includes the Maturity Date.
Interest Rate	Means the interest rate payable in respect of Bonds, expressed as a percentage per annum, as recorded in the Register.
Issuer	Means the Crown.
Maturity Date	Means the date, as specified by the Crown when a Bond is first issued, on which that Bond is to be repaid.
New Zealand Resident	Means a person defined as 'New Zealand resident' pursuant to the Income Tax Act 2007.
NZDM	Means New Zealand Debt Management, Capital Markets, The Treasury.
person	Includes an individual, firm, company, corporation or any state or government or any agency thereof (in each case, whether or not having separate legal personality).
Product Disclosure Statement	Means this document.
Record Date	Means close of business on the 10th day before the relevant Interest Payment Date or the Maturity Date or, if the 10 <sup>th</sup> day before the relevant Interest Payment Date or the Maturity Date is not a Banking Day, the Banking Day immediately preceding that day.
Register	Means the Register of Bonds maintained by the Registrar and "Registered" has a corresponding meaning.
Registered Bank	Has the meaning given to the term 'registered bank' in the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Act 1989.
Registrar	Means Computershare Investor Services Limited acting as agent for the Crown and NZDM or any other party nominated by the Crown or NZDM to act as agent.
Retail Investor	Has the meaning given to that term in the Financial Markets Conduct Act.
Tax	Means any tax, levy, duty, rate or tariff of any nature, including withholding taxes, which is imposed or collected by a government agency.
Wholesale Investor	Has the meaning given to that term in the Financial Markets Conduct Act.

In this Product Disclosure Statement, any reference to legislation includes, where appropriate, a modification or re-enactment of that legislation or legislation passed in substitution for it. Any legislation referred to in this Product Disclosure Statement can be found at <http://www.legislation.govt.nz/>